

# BEHAVIOURAL COMPETENCIES

for Canada's Substance  
Use Workforce v. 2

**Interview Tool for  
Support and Outreach**



Canadian Centre  
on Substance Use  
and Addiction

Evidence. Engagement. Impact.



## INTERVIEW TOOL FOR SUPPORT AND OUTREACH

This document provides suggested interview questions for the **Support and Outreach** job cluster and the relevant competency profile. The competency profiles and proficiency levels are examples only and may be tailored or adapted to specific organizational contexts and job descriptions. Review the *Guide to Behavioural Competency-based Interviewing* to supplement the tools included in this resource.

This tool provides a selection of sample interview questions focusing on behaviour for the Behavioural Competencies and proficiency levels relevant to the **Support and Outreach** competency profile. It also includes the procedures for conducting the interview and evaluating candidate responses.

While this tool is a useful template for your interview process, it might not accurately represent the competencies required for the position for which you are interviewing. Before using it, review the suggested competency profile to determine if it is relevant. If not relevant, review the competencies to determine which competencies or proficiency levels you should change to give a more accurate representation. A brief overview of the steps involved in identifying the relevant Behavioural Competencies for a profile has been provided in the *Guide to Behavioural Competency-based Interviewing*.

A job competency profile includes only the critical competencies required for the job, not those that are “nice to have”—that is, not essential to performing the job successfully.

Preferably, each profile should have no more than 12 competencies.



After confirming the competencies and proficiency levels of the relevant competency profile, you must determine which competencies you will assess in the interview and which questions you will ask. Sample questions have been provided for the relevant proficiency level for the suggested profile. A generic interview bank has been provided in the *Generic Questions for the Behavioural Competencies* to assist you in selecting and adapting alternate questions if a different competency profile is used.

Avoid assessing all competencies by interview. It would take far too much time and some competencies are better assessed through other methods, such as reference checks, knowledge tests or simulations. For a one-hour interview, five to seven questions are a reasonable number to ask.

To determine which questions to ask, consider the relative importance of a competency to the position. Also, review competencies for overlap to determine if asking a question on one competency will provide information on another competency that can then be excluded.

You might choose to assess the same competency using more than one method if it is important for the position. For example, if Interpersonal Rapport is more important than other competencies, you may wish to assess it both in the interview and through a reference check. Alternatively, you could ask two questions on this competency instead of one in the interview.

Questions can be used for reference checking by adapting the text to ask about the candidate in the third person, rather than in the second person. For example:

- **Interview Question:** “Please provide an example of a time when you coordinated a large project” (*second person*)
- **Reference Question:** “Please provide an example of a time when Mark coordinated a large project” (*third person*)

**Ensure that all performance evaluations are conducted in accordance with existing organizational policies and procedures.**

**Interviewing Tool for Positions Related to Support and Outreach**

Position Title: \_\_\_\_\_

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Candidate Name: \_\_\_\_\_

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Interviewer's Name:	Interviewer's Title:
Date of Interview:	Location of Interview:

**Preparation Checklist**

- Review résumé and candidate file information, paying particular attention to jobs/experiences and education/training most related to the target position.
- Review competencies required for the target position.
- Determine which competencies to focus on in the interview.

**Suggested Competency Profile**

Job Cluster	Example Job Titles
<b>Support and Outreach</b>	Support Worker, Outreach Worker, Alcohol Worker, Drug Worker, Substance Use Worker, Drug Outreach Worker, Community Outreach Worker, Community Liaison Worker, Attendant

Competency Required	Proficiency Levels
Adaptability and Flexibility	3
Analytical Thinking and Decision Making	2
Collaboration and Network Building	2
Continuous Learning	2
Creativity and Innovation	2
Culturally Safe and Anti-oppressive Practice	3
Effective Communication	3
Ethical Conduct and Professionalism	2
Interpersonal Rapport	3
Person-directed Care	3
Planning and Organizing	2
Self-care	3
Self-management	2

## Conducting the Interview

1. Greet the candidate and introduce yourself, giving your name and position within the organization.
2. Confirm the job for which the candidate is being considered.
3. Explain the purpose of the interview: to gather specific information about the candidate's past experiences and accomplishments, particularly in the past two to three years; and to help the organization make a fair and informed decision on the most qualified candidate for the job.
4. Describe the interview plan:

The questions in the interview guide are designed to obtain information about the candidate's experience and accomplishments (do not have to be work-related) that relate to the competencies that are important for success in the job to be filled.

For each question, you must obtain one or more specific examples of the candidate's experience or accomplishments, ensuring that the candidate describes:

- The **Situation** or circumstances related to the example;
  - The **Actions** taken by the candidate to address the situation, along with the rationale for the action taken; and
  - The **Results** or outcome of the candidate's actions.
5. Ask follow-up questions as necessary to clarify or obtain additional information. Follow-up questions are provided below the main question.
  6. Take notes on the candidate's answers during the interview to have an accurate record of information about the candidate's experience and accomplishments to evaluate later.
  7. Provide an opportunity at the end of the interview for the candidate to ask questions.
  8. Clarify the next steps in the selection process.



## Questions for Applicable Competencies at the Appropriate Level of Proficiency

The next several pages contain interview questions, one per page, with follow-up questions and space for you, the interviewer, to jot down notes. The follow-up questions are especially helpful because you can encourage the candidate to elaborate on their response to the initial question.

















## Question 8: Ethical Conduct and Professionalism

**Definition:** Provide professional services according to the principles and values of integrity, competence, accountability, respect and trust to safeguard both self and others. Includes the development of professionalism and ethical behaviour in self and others (individuals, groups, organizations, communities).

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### LEVEL 2 DEVELOPING

#### Question

Please describe an ethical dilemma you faced and how you resolved it.

- What was the ethical dilemma?
- How did you address it?
- What was the outcome?
- What has been the long-term effect of that?

#### Notes

Situation	Action	Results

## Question 9: Interpersonal Rapport

**Definition:** Establish and maintain relationships based on mutual respect and trust, appropriate sensitivity and transparency, empathy and compassion with people using services, colleagues, and professional associates and the greater community. Encompasses skills of tact, engagement and sensitivity in all encounters with others.

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### LEVEL 3 PROFICIENT

#### Question

Describe a time when your ability to communicate effectively in a highly sensitive situation helped to produce a successful outcome.

- What was the situation and what made it sensitive?
- What aspects of your communication did you focus on to help produce a positive outcome?
- What was the outcome?

#### Notes

Situation	Action	Results



## Question 11: Planning and Organizing

**Definition:** Identify and prioritize tasks, develop and implement plans, evaluate outcomes, and adjust activities to achieve objectives.

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### LEVEL 2 DEVELOPING

#### Question

Tell me about a time when you needed to break a large project or major activity into smaller components to get it done.

- What project or activity were you responsible for?
- How did you break it into smaller components?
- How did you go about deciding what needed to be done first, second, third, etc.?
- How did things work out?

#### Notes

Situation	Action	Results

## Question 12: Self-care

**Definition:** Deliberately and continuously apply professional and personal principles of well-being. Intentionally support others to sustain optimal well-being, while maintaining physical, mental, spiritual and emotional health.

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### LEVEL 3 PROFICIENT

#### Question

Please describe a situation when you assisted a peer who had challenges with self-care.

- Describe the issues related to self-care that you were concerned about.
- How did you assist your peer?
- What was the outcome?
- What has been the long-term effect of your assistance?

#### Notes

Situation	Action	Results

## Question 13: Self-management

**Definition:** Appropriately manage one's own emotions and strong feelings; maintain a calm and respectful composure under a broad range of challenging circumstances; and think clearly and stay focused under pressure. Encompasses self-regulation and mindfulness.

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### LEVEL 2 DEVELOPING

#### Question

Sometimes we need to navigate complex problems and maintain the necessary focus despite challenges. Tell me about a time when it was especially important for you to maintain focus and composure when navigating a complex situation.

- Describe the situation.
- What were your strategies for maintaining focus and composure?
- How successful were you at dealing with the complex problem or situation?
- How do you know if you were successful?

#### Notes

Situation	Action	Results

## Evaluating the Interview

All the energy and effort devoted to capturing good job-related information during the selection interview will be lost if this information is not evaluated consistently and appropriately for all candidates. This section provides guidance on how to evaluate information from the candidate gathered through the competency-based interview.

Each behavioural question is designed to elicit information relevant to a specific competency. However, human behaviour can be complex and the following situations can arise:

- A behaviourally based question is asked focusing on one competency area, but a candidate provides an example that relates to another area.
- A candidate provides examples that relate to more than one competency area.
- A candidate provides examples that relate to the required competencies during the introductory phases of the interview or during the close of the interview.

The whole interview should, therefore, be reviewed carefully for evidence of the competencies being assessed. One method for doing this is to circle each behavioural example and, if one demonstrates a competency other than the one intended by the question, note the competency demonstrated alongside the example. Then cross-reference this example in the section of the interview tool devoted to that competency.

Once all relevant information from the interview has been reviewed and correctly classified, the interviewer is in a position to understand and evaluate a candidate's past behaviour for each competency.

The next step is to assign a rating, or score, for each competency, using the rating scale below. The assigned score is based on the candidate's demonstration of the relevant behaviour indicators for the proficiency levels in the competency profile at the beginning of this tool. Refer as necessary to the *Behavioural Competencies for Canada's Substance Use Workforce* for an extended sample of appropriate behaviour indicators for each competency.

Record the score in the scoring grid on the next page. Add any particular comments needed to support the rating.

If there are multiple interviewers, each interviewer completes the scoring grid individually, without consulting the others. Upon completion of all scoring, the interviewers discuss the ratings they assigned and arrive at a consensus score for each competency.

Interview Rating Scale	
5	<b>Well Above Standard</b> ( <i>significantly exceeds requirements</i> ) Evidence of candidate's demonstration of the competency is exceptional and reflects superior ability to perform; all aspects of the competency are demonstrated to a high degree.
4	<b>Above Standard</b> ( <i>exceeds requirements</i> ) Evidence of candidate's demonstration of the competency is above average and reflects more than an adequate ability to perform; all or most aspects of the competency are demonstrated at an above-average level.
3	<b>Meets Standard</b> ( <i>meets requirement</i> ) Evidence of candidate's demonstration of the competency meets expectations and reflects an adequate ability to perform; candidate may have demonstrated minor weaknesses in some aspects of the competency, but none of major significance.
2	<b>Below Standard</b> ( <i>falls below requirements</i> ) Evidence of candidate's demonstration of the competency is inadequate in key respects.
1	<b>Well Below Standard</b> ( <i>falls significantly below requirements</i> ) Evidence of candidate's demonstration of the competency is far from adequate in all or most respects.

## Scoring Grid

Competency	Interviewer Score	Rationale/Comments	Consensus Score
Adaptability and Flexibility			
Analytical Thinking and Decision Making			
Collaboration and Network Building			
Continuous Learning			
Creativity and Innovation			
Culturally Safe and Anti-oppressive Practice			
Effective Communication			
Ethical Conduct and Professionalism			
Interpersonal Rapport			
Person-directed Care			
Planning and Organizing			
Self-care			
Self-management			